

1. Numerical summary of data.

Note:  $\sum x = 349$ ;  $\sum x^2 = 16827$ ;  $n = 8$

(a)  $m = \frac{41 + 43}{2} = 42.000$

(b)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{349}{8} = 43.625$

$$s = +\sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2/n}{n-1}} = +\sqrt{\frac{16827 - (349)^2/8}{8-1}} = 15.127$$

- (c) The distribution of the data is skewed to the right (mean > median).

2. Bias in scientific studies.

An example of a study in which the sample is not representative of the target population.

3. Types of variables.

- (a) Quantitative / discrete
- (b) Categorical
- (c) Categorical
- (d) Quantitative / continuous

4. Variability of data.

(a)  $IQR = Q3 - Q1 = 111 - 69 = 42$

(b) No, because 168 is less than  $111 + 1.5(42) = 174$ .

(c)  $z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{s} = \frac{35 - 89}{29} = -1.862$

The price for this bike is 1.862 standard deviations below the mean price.

5. Experimental design.

- (a) List of registered voters.
- (b) Some people selected were not reached; some people reached refused to participate.
- (c)  $\frac{283}{672} = .421 \Rightarrow 42.1\%$
- (d)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \times 100 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{672}} \times 100 = 3.9$

6. Graphical summary of data.

Stem	Leaf
5	1
5	33
5	677
5	9
6	01
6	2