

1. Types of data.

- (a) Discrete
- (b) Discrete
- (c) Continuous
- (d) Continuous

2. Standardized score.

(a) The distribution of the data is negatively skewed (mean < median).

(b) 
$$z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{s} = \frac{60 - 64.8}{12.3} = -0.390$$

3. Variability of data.

- (a)  $\bar{x}_{\text{new}} = 74.8$  (10 points higher)
- (b)  $s_{\text{new}} = 12.3$  (no change in variability)

4. Numerical summary of data.

Note:  $\sum x = 742$ ;  $\sum x^2 = 123070$ ;  $n = 6$

- (a)  $m = \frac{70 + 144}{2} = 107.000$
- (b)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{742}{6} = 123.667$
- (c)  $s^2 = \frac{\sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2/n}{n - 1} = \frac{123070 - (742)^2/6}{6 - 1} = 6261.867$

5. Experimental design.

Both the participants and those who record observations are unaware of what treatments are given to which groups.

6. Graphical summary of data.

(a) Frequency-distribution table

Class interval	Frequency	Relative freq.	Cumulative rel. freq.
12 to <13	1	.100	.100
11 to <12	1	.100	.200
10 to <11	3	.300	.500
9 to <10	3	.300	.800
8 to <9	0	.000	.800
7 to <8	1	.100	.900
6 to <7	1	.100	1.000
Total	10	1.000	—

(b) Stem-and-leaf display

Stem	Leaf
6	5
7	5
8	
9	055
10	005
11	5
12	0