

You must turn in solutions to all the problems. The problem with your name is the one you will present in class.

For this homework assignment, let V be a finite dimensional vector space over an algebraically complete field. Let L be a linear transformation on V .

1. [10pts – **Kristin**] Prove that there exists a positive integer n such that $\ker(L^n) \cap \text{im}(L^n) = 0$. Show that for this value of n , $\ker(L^n) = \ker(L^{n+1})$ and $\text{im}(L^n) = \text{im}(L^{n+1})$. Show also that for this value of n , $V = \ker(L^n) \oplus \text{im}(L^n)$. From here on, we will write L^∞ to denote L^n for this value of n .
2. [10pts – **Greg**] Let λ be an eigenvalue of L . Let V_λ be the λ -eigenspace. Note that $V_\lambda = \ker(L - \lambda I)$. Define $V_{(\lambda)} = \ker((L - \lambda I)^\infty)$. We call $V_{(\lambda)}$ the **generalized** λ -eigenspace of L . Prove that $V_{(\lambda)}$ is an L -invariant subspace.
3. [10pts – **Adam**] Prove that if μ and λ are both eigenvalues of L , then $V_{(\lambda)} \cap V_{(\mu)} = 0$. Conclude that the only eigenvalue of $L|_{V_{(\lambda)}}$ is λ .
4. [10pts – **Emily**] Let $\sigma(L)$ denote the set of all eigenvalues of L . Prove that

$$V = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \sigma(L)} V_{(\lambda)} \oplus X$$

where X is L -invariant and $\sigma(L|_X) = \emptyset$.

5. [10pts – **Dana**] Prove that there exists a basis, β , for $V_{(\lambda)}$ which makes $[L|_{V_{(\lambda)}}]_\beta$ upper triangular. (Here $[L|_{V_{(\lambda)}}]_\beta$ denotes the matrix of $L|_{V_{(\lambda)}}$ with respect to β .) [Hint: Start with a basis for $V_\lambda = \ker(L - \lambda I)$, then extend this to a basis of $\ker((L - \lambda I)^2)$, then extend again. . .]
6. [10pts – **Amanda**] Use the above exercises to prove that there exists a basis of V which yields the Jordan Canonical Form.